## DIVISION OF ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE SERVICES

The Division of Alcohol and Drug Abuse supports an array of prevention, intervention, and treatment services. In the state fiscal year 2001 (July 1, 2000 through June 30, 2001), the Division of Alcohol and Drug Abuse contracted with service providers for substance abuse detoxification, residential and outpatient treatment, compulsive gambling counseling, and traffic offender services. Major funding sources for these programs are from federal Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment block grant funds, federal and state Medicaid payments, Missouri general revenue, Compulsive Gambling funds, and Health Initiative funds.

The Division maintains a comprehensive prevention system based on a risk and protective factor framework. The Division's two strategic goals for prevention are (1) delaying onset of substance use and (2) reducing the incidence and prevalence of binge drinking among college-age youth. The Division's focus for prevention includes implementing an array of science-based programs in public schools and communities and building the capacity of coalitions to address local substance use issues. The prevention system includes contracted services for coalition capacity building, community-based alternatives and services for high-risk youth, and school-based prevention and intervention services. In addition, the Division partners with other state agencies to provide a continuum of prevention services throughout the state.

Thousands of motorists are arrested each year for driving under the influence of alcohol or other drugs (DWI/DUI). The Division coordinates the Substance Abuse Traffic Offenders' Program (SATOP), which assesses each offender and provides one of several types of educational or clinical services. By statute, participation in SATOP is required for drivers license reinstatement. In fiscal year 2001, 32,289 Missouri residents were referred to SATOP as a result of an administrative suspension or revocation of their driver's license, court order, condition of probation, or plea bargain.

The Division administers treatment services through contracts with a network of treatment facilities. In fiscal year 2001, the Division recorded 42,294 new client admissions to these programs – 39,787 for substance abuse/dependency services, 2,249 for codependency services, and 258 for compulsive gambling counseling (23). A total of 50,629 people received intervention or treatment services (24). General treatment services were provided to 24,795. The Comprehensive Substance Treatment and Rehabilitation (CSTAR) program served 15,240. The CSTAR program provides intensive outpatient treatment and has components tailored for women, adolescents, and the general adult populations. Clinical services were provided to 10,594 SATOP clients. Of these clients, 6,093 attended Weekend Intervention Programs (WIP), 4,265 attended Clinical Intervention Programs (CIP), and 236 attended Youth Clinical Intervention Services (YCIP).

Some clients need access to a stable, drug-free living environment after attaining sobriety. To facilitate their recovery, the Division coordinates 57 self-run, self-supported Oxford Houses with a capacity of 416 residents. Of these, there are 46 houses for men, ten for women, and one for women and their children. The Division also provides services to individuals with compulsive gambling problems. In fiscal year 2001, the Division provided outpatient gambling counseling to 258 clients.